

OUR SUNDAY VISITOR

THE HARMONIZER

HUNTINGTON, INDIANA, NOVEMBER 2, 1924

A NATIONAL WEEKLY

PRICE IN U. S. 2c PER COPY

Number 29

Observations on Recent Study-Travel Abroad

(BY THE EDITOR)

FRANCE. REPUBLICAN France offers many perplexities to the traveler, especially to an American, whose conception of a Republic is so different from that of the Frenchman. However, there is not a vast difference between form of government in France, the Constitutional monarchy obtains in England. In most European countries the King or President is anything but the ruler of the country. His Prime Minister, or President of the Republic, heads the government, and the President or King is expected even to express himself on political questions. The principal political party in France is the Radical Party, which is a sort of a coalition of the various political parties, and which is expected to stand apart from the strife of the various parties, and exhibit a dignity which will command respect. The present rulers of France are M. Millerand, President, and M. Herriot, Prime Minister. The latter had long known throughout France as a socialist, and as an anti-clerical. The former, despite the overwhelming Catholic population of France, is a Protestant. The change in the personnel of the rulers does not signify that people preferred a policy which was Catholic. If religion had entered the campaign at all, the people would rather have expressed a preference for a more Catholic government, because the Church is much better liked than it was ten and twenty years ago. In France the idea prevails that religion should have absolutely no part in politics, and that the government, in their representative capacity, vote entirely on matters which would be of individuals. For instance, at the separation law was passed, the Senators and Deputies voted for secularization of education, and reached down into their pockets for the support of private religious schools, and sent their children to them.

The Syllabus of Errors of Pope Pius the IXth HOW ENEMIES TWIST THEM.

By Robert R. Hull.

III. A Recent Attack on the Syllabus of Errors. In the July, 1924, number of "Bob Shuler's Magazine," the "Rev. Bob" of not very savory reputation in Los Angeles and thereabouts, loudly calls for our \$1,000, which, he says, have forfeited because he has proven that "A Loyal Catholic would be loyal to the United States Government, for he owes eternal allegiance to the Pope." Bob, of course, like all his stripe, is unwilling to submit the case to a jury of fairly appointed judges, for that would necessitate a thorough sifting of all his "evidence." So he proceeds to declare himself the winner, having constituted himself prosecutor, judge, and jury; and says, at the conclusion of the article headed "Can a Good Catholic Be a Good American?"—"And now we wonder if Our Sunday Visitor will send on the check for \$1,000."

Our Sunday Visitor is quite willing to send the \$1,000 to anyone, whenever it is established, to the satisfaction of appointed judges, that he has proven his charge. The question involved is an evenly objective one. We would be ashamed to be as unfair as "Rev. Bob." We do not propose to decide, ourselves, whether the case should be awarded or not. This can be done only by outside judges, after they have weighed the arguments of both sides. But one is ever going to accept our Reward Offer. Whenever the conditions—necessitating fairness, openness, and objective arguments—have come to the knowledge of our enemies, none of them ever chosen to proceed to the contest.

The Reasonableness of Christian Faith is Shown

ARTICLE LXIII. Private Judgment a Fallacy. THE underlying doctrine of the self-styled and self-appointed "Reformers" that the Bible, interpreted by the private judgment of its readers, is the only rule of faith, and is to say, the sure and easy means of ascertaining the truth, is a fallacy. That all truths necessary for salvation are to be found in the Bible. That everyone can and should obtain these truths for himself by reading the Bible. The Bible, however, is not and cannot be the only source of Divine revelation. The Bible itself makes no such claim. On the contrary, "Therefore, stand fast, and hold the traditions which you have learned whether by word or by epistle."—2 Thess. 2:14. As we read: "But there

SCHOOL BOARD HEAD DENOUNCES AMENDMENT

(Detroit News, October 11, 1924)

Allan Campbell, president of the Board of Education, added his name to the long list of civic leaders who have denounced the school amendment to be voted for in Michigan.

SAYS IT IS WHOLLY IMPRACTICABLE.

"The proposed school amendment to the state constitution has not the approval of any educators of whom I have knowledge. It is not put forward by educators having at heart the advancement of education. It has not the approval of the public school authorities."

"On the contrary it is to be severely condemned as an interference with our educational system. It is wholly impracticable and not to be thought of by anyone acquainted with conditions."

"We now have in this state the necessary supervision over all schools, public, private and denominational under the state commissioner of public instruction. And the officials and teachers of the non-public schools are co-operating with the state and city authorities in a commendable way, seeking to establish and maintain a uniform standard whereby their children are graduated into the high schools and colleges on the same basis as public school graduates, and whereby their teachers qualify themselves by normal school training on a basis of standardization and harmony."

"Should this amendment pass a chaotic condition would result. Each year the Board of Education strives to carry out a building program that will adequately seat the public school children, but each year we are some 10,000 seats short of the necessities for the ensuing year. This results in placing thousands of public school children on half-day sessions."

A SEATING PROBLEM.

"Should the 150,000 public school children be suddenly augmented by 100,000 parochial school children the result would be that 100,000 children would be placed on half-day sessions. And whose children would these be that would go without seats? The proposal is ridiculously impractical, and even if it could be carried into effect without chaos the burden imposed upon the taxpayers, who now escape the cost of educating these parochial school children, would be very great and without cause."

"So much for the impracticability and the cost. But to my mind even more important objections lie against this proposed school amendment. As a lawyer I believe it to be unconstitutional. As a member of the public school board I believe it to be unnecessary. As a citizen I believe it to be a violation of the spirit of the founders of the nation who established freedom of education, of opinion and of religion."

ARE YOUR VIEWS SIMILAR TO THOSE EXPOSED HEREIN?

October 1, 1924

Rev. John F. Noll, L.L.D.

Huntington, Indiana.

Dear Sir:

I have just read your pamphlet, entitled: "Kind Words from Your Pastor."

I belong to a Protestant (Congregational) Church, and married a Catholic six years ago. We have been extremely happy together, and our mutual conceptions of the great fundamentals of faith have been quite harmonious. But we have not been able to unite wholeheartedly in our church worship.

I frequently attend Catholic Mass with her, and appreciate many features of the Catholic worship that I find lacking in the Protestant service. Count Isidore von Loeben has expressed these, as stated in your pamphlet. But I am mentally incapable of subscribing to many articles of the Catholic faith (and in truth, to most of the Protestant articles of faith as well). Your pamphlet did not touch upon my case at all. I wonder in fact whether the Catholic faith is able to offer any explanation to the obstacle that confronts me, such as would enable me to honestly and conscientiously subscribe to the Catholic faith.

I fear not. But I will state my case. My religious faith is extremely simple:

1. I believe in a personal, sympathetic, just Providence.

2. I believe in the eternal continuance and growth of individual personality, character, friendly service and conscious affection; all other attributes of mortal existence I believe cease upon death.

3. The life and teachings of Jesus

are the highest known exemplification in history toward the attainment of these qualities.

These conclusions are based upon study throughout my life of every form of religion that I know of, of the sciences, of literature and history, and upon personal observations and inner experiences of my own. The foregoing statement of faith, I believe, is not antagonistic to the Catholic faith, or to any other truly religious creed that I know of. But the Catholic faith (as well as most of the Protestant creeds) lays down additional requirements, which I am unable to accept. I believe that the "light" that I have. The following questions will disclose the nature of my difficulty:

1. Is there any authoritative proof outside of the Bible itself, that the Bible is the direct word of God, or any more than is any other inspired literature or art produced by man, including the Koran, the Talmud, the Protestant hymns and Tenneyson's poems?

2. The observations of our senses, the events of history, the experiments of the science laboratory, the experiences and accomplishments of our own lives, the psychology and (above all) intuitional experiences of our inner consciousness—are not these the sole sources from which all literature, art, science, faith, including the Bible, are derived? Are not these the means by which God speaks to those people who try sympathetically to hear His voice?

3. Does not God speak directly to all people who try to hear Him, and perform miracles among them, as

much today as he did nineteen centuries ago among the single nation of Hebrews?

4. Do we have a single record to-day written by the hand of Jesus Himself? Were not all the records and Gospels of the life of Jesus written by other men, some years after the death of Jesus, in an age when all nations believed in miracles to be performed, daily by religious leaders everywhere and of every faith?

5. If God has deprived certain people of the means or the mentality to grasp the faith as the Catholic Church expounds it, even though they have eagerly and conscientiously followed their best "lights" in seeking the Truth, will God be so unfair, so unjust, as to subject them to eternal punishment, for what was not their own fault?

Frankly, I fully appreciate the strength of a conscientious Catholic with his never failing source of assurance in every perplexity, so unlike those who are thrown broadcast, like myself, upon all the learning and experiences of modern life. These latter must reconcile the cosmopolitan nature of modern knowledge and life. It is true, that there can be only one Truth. But we may each see aspects of the same Truth. Where our conceptions differ, I could not and ought not to give the light as I have, by assuming that light to be false. To say that I have been hopelessly exposed to the teachings of the devil, neither answers my perplexities nor aids me.

Where, then, the fault may lie, the fact remains that my mind is so fashioned that I cannot accept the Catholic faith.

(Continued on Page Two)

BITS OF INFORMATION FOR BUSY READERS

The recent elections in the city of London resulted in Catholics capturing the offices of Lord Mayor and the two principal Sheriffs. This is a situation unparalleled since the Reformation, but it seems to be causing little excitement in England.

We quote from an article in the Oct. 8, 1924, Christian Conservator (United Brethren): "Many other Scriptures might be cited, but these are sufficient to establish the fact that nations are responsible to God, deriving both their existence and political authority from Him. This vital relation of state and religion has not been formed by men and cannot be dissolved by men." Why is it all right for a Protestant paper to teach such a doctrine, but wrong for a Catholic paper even to remotely suggest that "all power is of God"?

The Western Christian Advocate said, a short time ago: "No help will be found in creating intolerance and encouraging bigotry or in fomenting alarm. Roman Christianity is here to stay. It cannot be driven out. No force of any kind can checkmate it. The only way it can be outdistanced is by the adoption of policies that extend over generations and upon which all the parties of Protestantism agree. We must produce better citizenship than they, better Christians, better churchmen, for in this lies our only just claim of superiority and leadership." How refreshing to read in the same paper which was so greatly alarmed only this year over the creation of the two new American cardinals. The Advocate is to be congratulated on its discovery that bigotry (and that is what the Advocate calls attacks on the Catholic Church) does not pay.

The Protestant magazine, known as "The Record of Christian Work," generally tries to be fair, although a little propaganda now and then creeps in. It seems willing to correct its errors, and wishes to be informed when in the wrong, at least. This magazine, in each monthly issue, carries news of Catholic activities in home and foreign fields. The "Re-

cord" can see much good in the Catholic Church, and it is not like some others which can never see anything good.

The editor of THE TABLET challenges any and all comers to prove that the alleged hooting and hissing parties, in the Democratic convention, were made up of Catholics. He also calls for proof that the gate stormers and gallery gods aimed to help the Catholic cause by such measures. The Klan has been representing that the hooting and hissing "was done by the hierarchy and priests." Others, no better informed, it would seem, have assumed that Catholic laymen made the noise. The TABLET editor says: "We were present as an observer when Bryan began to speak. At once the ten men in the row behind us began to hiss and hoot. We looked around and saw one negro, four Jews and two wearing Masonic pins. What the other three persons were we do not know. Hollins Randolph, the standard bearer for Georgia, and a Kluxer, together with some other delegates, looked our way in disgust. They may have said to themselves: 'There goes those ignorant Catholics again.' 'What a vulgar organization the Catholic Church is.' 'What terrible things Catholics are taught.'"

Forty-seven demoklan Methodist preachers, disappointed over the results of the Texas primary, met in Dallas last month and pledged their support to the Texas republican ticket in the coming gubernatorial election, their purpose being to defeat "Ma" Ferguson at any cost.

Losses sustained by a number of prominent denominational journals, in the last four years: Christian Advocate, \$132,196; Ewotw Herald, \$101,598; Central Christian Advocate, \$101,362; Northwestern Christian Advocate, \$65,321; Western Christian Advocate, \$48,135; Christian Advocate, \$45,135; Methodist Review, \$28,615. Such shortages must be made up by subsidies from the Methodist Church. None of the Catholic papers are having their losses underwritten.

Lady Government Official on Woman's Place in Community

Miss Margaret Bondfield, Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of Labour, in England.

After indicating the right of women to be free to take any place in which they can efficiently give service, she remarks that, after all, the great mass of women will, to the end of time, be concerned for the greater part of their lives in "the business of home-making." She then proceeds:

"I think a very strong indictment can be drawn up against the modern woman in her attitude towards this important function. The most vocal section of womanhood appears to think that to be an architect or a doctor is to be something superior to the home-maker. I hold entirely the contrary view. The woman who fulfills the function belonging to her sex, who builds up the life of the family around her, who recognizes the importance of bringing to the service of the home every development of science, who realizes that her job is to create an environment for every child, and such an influence, particularly for the potential fathers of the world, as to raise the whole life of civilization to a higher plane—that woman is doing the greatest work in the world. I have very little patience with the woman who wants to leave husband and children to the care of paid labour, while she herself seeks outside work because it is more intellectual."

"To my mind, the ordering of a home, the bringing up of children, the insistence of bringing to the home the best possible help that modern achievement can provide, require not merely the greatest intellectual effort, but the most sustained effort of service, that infinite capacity for taking pains which amounts to genius. The fact of the matter is that a large number of women are not fit to be home-makers because they have never addressed their minds to it as a vocation. They have regarded it far more as merely an opportunity to satisfy instinctive cravings, to express themselves, and to have a husband who will give them a good time. Yet race progress depends far more upon women than upon men."

"For the working-class wife and

mother who has had to struggle to make both ends meet, but who has kept windows clean and kitchen bright, and kept respect in the face of overwhelming difficulties, I have the deepest admiration and respect. For the woman who does absolutely nothing to try to help by reforms in housing, education, and social services, I have very little respect."

"It should therefore be a matter of plain common-sense duty on the part of all those individual women who take their place in the wider world never to forget the far larger group of home-makers who have the right to demand their services in the matter of legislative reforms, housing reforms, the development of social amenities, and other things. We must not do these things for ourselves, or to use a hackneyed phrase, as a means of self-expression. We should do them as our privilege in order to assist those women who are bearing by far the greater burden, and serving the race in far more fundamental ways."

On this the Universe (London) comments as follows: "We trust that these excellent and truly Christian sentiments will be taken to heart by women of all political parties whose vocation lies in public work as well as (or, in some cases, instead of) in the home. There are many such—and many admirable Catholic women are among them—and the true purpose and spirit of their work could not be better expressed than in Miss Bondfield's conclusion."

Just as there are exceptional women called to the religious life, so there are exceptional women called to public rather than home service. But it should never be forgotten that they are exceptional, and never should language be tolerated that seems to place them upon a pedestal above the home-maker, or to depress in comparison the value and worth of the latter. There is a natural tendency that way; it is the exceptional that for obvious reasons gets the limelight. That a lady holding the high public position to which Miss Bondfield has attained should desire to turn it in another direction, and give honour where honour is due, redounds to her credit, and adds to the value of her own public service."

A Lie Will Be Refuted Here in Every Issue

WAS GOV. ALFRED E. SMITH OF NEW YORK THE CATHOLIC, ANTI-PROHIBITION, AND ANTI-KLAN CANDIDATE IN THE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION?

THE recent Democratic National Convention, held in New York City, was a foreboding example of what comes of attempting to mix politics and religion, or perhaps we should say, of an attempt made by those affiliated with a certain religious sect to dominate the convention and inject a plank into the platform dealing with a religious question."

The above was taken from the editorial page of "MOTHER'S HOME LIFE," a monthly magazine published at Chicago, issue of August, 1924. Here there are two allegations, first that the Catholic delegates tried to dominate the Democratic convention, secondly, that the Klan issue in the Convention was "a religious question." Neither of these contentions is true, as will be shown, in this article.

This is an example of what has been appearing on many an editorial page since the long continued deadlock was broken and the Democratic convention at New York City closed its sessions. Shall we be surprised that the smaller periodicals should be publishing misrepresentations of this sort, when we find, in THE CHRISTIAN HERALD of July 19, 1924, such as the following:—"In all the history of American politics there has been no national convention like this one of 1924. Thoroughly deadlocked for a day over two weeks the deadlock was not over politics—its platform had been adopted on the fifth day—but on the two questions of religion and prohibition."

"Men who sat in the press stands day after day watching the futile efforts of the leadership delegates to find a way out of the labyrinth into which they had blundered, ceased to predict the outcome."

"Whether they wished it or not, two men were singled out to stand as the exponents of the will of two factions. The Ku Klux Klan and the Pro-Protestant elements in the convention made William G. McArdle their candidate. The Roman Catholic and the anti-prohibition elements massed solidly behind Alfred E. Smith, Governor of New York State."

"The fight on the floor of the convention over the question of including a denunciation of the Klan in the platform, won by the Klan supporters, brought to the surface the first real evidence of bitterness on the part of the delegates. This bitterness was carried into the sessions after the balloting on candidates began."

First of all, we would ask THE CHRISTIAN HERALD: "Do you mean to take sides with the alleged Ku-Klux, Prohibition, pro-Protestant faction led by Mr. McArdle?" Second—(Continued on page four)

CHAPTER VIII. A further proof is derived from the conduct and practice of the Church—The Pastors always taught with an authority which implied infallibility—The Councils—Vain effort of Protestants to evade this argument.

tent, and by each successive age, is a commentary upon the revelations of God, and the sense and import thereof, of a credibility, weight, and importance, such as cannot be counterbalanced by any earthly testimony which can possibly be arrayed. The opinions, theories, views and speculations of the reformers, were they even harmonious, instead of discordant, could not weigh as a feather in the balance against this venerable testimony, consisting as it does of the combined voices of the Christian people and teachers, of every part of the world and of every age. And even the present Catholic Church, with its unanimous faith on this point of the unerring authority of the Church, presents to the world more than one hundred and eighty millions of Christians, who give the same interpretation to these texts of scripture, against those who claim the privilege to think more highly of their private understanding and wisdom, than of the combined learning and wisdom of all nations and ages."

That in the Church of Christ the pastors have always taught with authority, when disputes and contests arose among the Christian people of all particular congregation, city, or province, that the pastors decided

(Continued on page four)

A Serious Inquiry About the One True Church

By Rt. Rev. J. McGill (Continued)

CHAPTER VIII. A further proof is derived from the conduct and practice of the Church—The Pastors always taught with an authority which implied infallibility—The Councils—Vain effort of Protestants to evade this argument.

IN order to prove still more conclusively that the texts of scripture which we have placed under the view of the reader, do really establish the tenet, that the Church possesses an unerring, infallible authority, in matters of faith, we have only to consider the conduct of the Christian Church from its first establishment to the present time, and in the testimonies of the Fathers and doctors of the different ages of Christianity."

The conduct of the Church, unvaried from the beginning, is a practical exposition of the meaning of these texts of scripture, far more enlightened and correct, far more worthy of attention and reverence, than all the ingenious criticisms of modern Bible readers. The clear, explicit and harmonious traditional testimony, furnished by Christendom throughout its whole ex-

(Continued on page four)

The Fruits of the Mass and the Sharers Therein

At Mass it is very desirable to accompany the priest throughout the whole sacrifice, and to offer it to God with him. For it is not the priest alone who offers the Mass, but the following are the offerers:

1. Christ, as already stated, is the principal offerer. Thus the Mass is a sacrifice of infinite value on account of the infinite merit of the Victim who is sacrificed and who offers Himself. There is an immeasurable difference between this sacrifice and the sacrifices of the Old Law, in which oxen, lambs, doves, the fruits of the earth, were offered up, and in which the priests, who were the principal offerers, were mere men. In the sacrifice of the Mass the principal offerer is Jesus Christ Himself, the only-begotten Son of the Father. Add to this all the merits of the Blessed Virgin and the Saints, the purity of the virgin, the sufferings of the martyrs, the penances of the saints, the labors of the Apostles—all these added together would not give as much glory to God as one Mass.

2. The priest offers the sacrifice as Christ's minister and in the name of Jesus Christ.

3. The faithful who are present at Mass can also participate in the offering of the holy sacrifice if they unite themselves with the priest. Hence the priest calls the sacrifice he offers not only his own sacrifice but also the sacrifice of all those who are assisting at it. In the prayers of the Mass he invites the people to join with him in offering up the holy sacrifice, and he uses language common both to himself and the people. It is of great importance to know that when we assist at Mass we can all join in offering up the sacrifice with the priest. And the more devoutly and earnestly we assist at Mass, the more abundant will be our share in its fruits.

1. In the Mass we give God honor and glory, and we honor the Divine Majesty with the homage He deserves. We are all bound to pay Him honor because we are God's creatures; He created us from nothing; He preserves our lives, and all that we have comes from Him. But God is a Lord of infinite majesty and greatness, and we could not of ourselves render Him the homage He deserves. The Mass, however, has provided us with a means which far exceeds and surpasses all the homage that creatures of themselves could offer; it has provided us with a means of honoring the sovereign majesty of God as He deserves. The Mass may be called a sacrifice of infinite honor, because in it an infinite Person honors infinite greatness.

2. In the Mass we can appease the anger of God and give Him satisfaction for our sins. That God has reasons to be angry with us is clear to anyone who reflects on the number and gravity of the sins continually committed by ourselves and others in every part of the world. But we have a remedy in the holy sacrifice of the Mass. In it Jesus Christ offers Himself to His Father, and asks pardon and mercy for us just as on the cross He asked pardon for His executioners. If God to-day shows greater clemency to us than He showed in the days of old; if He does not now renew the terrible examples of rigor and severity with which He once treated the world, we owe it to His only Son, sacrificed on our altars. At night of that Son God lays aside His anger and is appeased.

3. The Mass remits the guilt of our sins. It does not remit our sins immediately and directly, because this is the effect of the Sacrament of Penance, but it remits them in the way indicated by the Council of Trent "By this oblation God is appeased, and remits even serious sins by concealing the grace and gift of penance." In other words, it obtains for us the grace of conversion and contrition. To those who assist devoutly at Mass, that often happens which happened to some of the crowd on Calvary who went down from the hill penetrated with sorrow and beating their breasts. Thus, if even great sinners assist at Mass with proper dispositions, they will get the grace of repentance; they will be touched interiorly by divine grace which will enable them to cleanse themselves from their sins and to return to God.

4. The Mass also remits some of the temporal punishment contracted by sin. When sin is pardoned as to its guilt, there often remains a debt of temporal punishment. This temporal punishment may be lessened by various good works, but one of the most efficacious means is the holy sacrifice of the Mass.

5. The treasures of the merits of this holy sacrifice are so abundant that we can use them, not only for ourselves but for others also, and especially for the souls in purgatory. The souls in purgatory are unable to acquire merit for themselves, but by God's mercy we can always help them by the sacrifice of the Holy Mass. St. Thomas says that "by no other oblation can the souls in purgatory be more speedily relieved than by the sacrifice of the Mass." Hence we can help these holy souls either by getting Masses said for them or by assisting at Mass ourselves and offering up the holy sacrifice for the speedy termination of their sufferings.

6. The Mass is also a sacrifice of thanksgiving. Many indeed and great are the favors which God has bestowed on us, favors both of the natural and supernatural order. "What hast thou that thou hast not received?" (1 Cor. iv, 7), says St. Paul. We are, therefore, bound to show Him our gratitude. But the offering of ourselves, of our heart, our liberty, our goods, our very life itself, would always be much inferior to the benefits He has given us. Thus, if left to ourselves, we could not perfectly show our gratitude. But the Mass is a sacrifice of supreme thanksgiving. By it

we can offer to God an offering greater than all the benefits we have received from His liberality. In offering the Mass to God we offer a gift of infinite value, because it is Jesus Christ who offers.

7. Lastly, in the Mass we pray to God for all graces and blessings we may stand in need of. Christ has told us that if we ask the Father anything in His name, the Father will infallibly grant our petition. "If you ask the Father anything in My name, He will give it to you" (St. John, xvi, 23). In the sacrifice of the Mass it is Jesus Christ Himself who intercedes for us. He it is who undertakes our cause, becomes our advocate, presents our supplications to His Father, enforcing them with all the weight of His infinite merits and intercession. We can, therefore, pray during Mass, and ask for ourselves the temporal blessings of health, prosperity, success in our undertakings, and spiritual blessings, such as resistance to temptations, victory over some passion that is troubling us, the grace of avoiding sin and dangerous occasions, etc. Then let us pray also and ask for blessings for our relatives, friends and benefactors, for the poor, the sick and the dying, for those in sorrow, for those to whom we may have been an occasion of sin, and in general for all the needs of the Church, our country, and for all mankind, both living and dead.

THE MASS AND COMMUNION IN ONE KIND.

Why does the Catholic Church deny the chalice to the laity? Now, the question, in reality, is limited to the Latin, or Western, rite; for, among the Easterners, who are in communion with the see of Rome, communion in both kinds is allowed to the laity. The Church might, tomorrow, allow the chalice to the laity of the Latin rite, without, in the least, violating any established principle. It is a matter of discipline.

Nevertheless, another more important consideration is involved; for those, who demand that the cup must be granted to the laity, seem to deny that Christ is present, whole and entire, under either one species. It should be emphasized, for the benefit of such, that we partake of the living glorified body of Christ, as it is at the right hand of the Father, the body into which the Precious Blood has been recovered. See Heb. 9:22-24.

Now, the Mass must represent the shedding of Christ's blood; that is, its separation from His Body; and, therefore, both the bread and the wine must be consecrated and partaken of by the priest, the priest's consumption of both being an essential part of the Holy Eucharist as a sacrifice to God. In a sacrifice a change must be accomplished in the victim. Usually this is done by the infliction of death. But in the Mass Christ dies only in a mystical manner, and this is represented by the consecration of the bread and wine separately. No Mass could be valid if one of the species were absent. The priest's consumption of both being an essential part of the Holy Eucharist as a sacrifice to God. In a sacrifice a change must be accomplished in the victim. Usually this is done by the infliction of death. But in the Mass Christ dies only in a mystical manner, and this is represented by the consecration of the bread and wine separately. No Mass could be valid if one of the species were absent. The priest's consumption of both being an essential part of the Holy Eucharist as a sacrifice to God.

With Holy Communion it is a different matter. And it should be understood that only the priest who is actually celebrating the Mass, under the Latin rite, may commune in both kinds. There is no necessity to represent the separation of the blood from the body in communion; for the body which we receive contains also the blood of Christ, since it is the living body of Christ now in Heaven. His body and blood are now inseparable. "Knowing that Christ rising again from the dead, dieth now no more, death shall have no more dominion over him." Rom. 6:9. The disjunctive, "or," in 1 Cor. 11:27, allows room for communion in one kind; and, indeed, in the Acts of Apostles (2:42, 46; 20:7), communion is spoken of only as "the breaking of bread."

The Church does not condemn communion in both kinds. Because of the scarcity of wine, with so many thousands continually approaching the altar, and on account of the grave danger of profanation in handling the chalice, it is more expedient to have communion in one kind. Still, communion in one kind is a test, since those who reprobate it, among our separated brethren, must surely not believe that Christ's body and blood are now inseparable.

NEW LAMP BURNS 94% AIR

Beats Electric or Gas

A new oil lamp that gives an amazing; brilliant, soft, white light, even better than gas or electricity, has been tested by the U. S. Government and 35 leading universities and found to be superior to 10 ordinary oil lamps. It burns without odor, smoke or noise—no pumping up, is simple, clean, safe. Burns 94% air and 6% common kerosene (coal oil). The inventor, K. K. Johnson, 609 W. Lake St., Chicago, Ill., is offering to send a lamp on 10 days' FREE trial, or even to give one FREE to the first user in each locality who will help him introduce it. Write him today for full particulars. Also ask him to explain how you can get the agency, and without experience or money make \$250 to \$500 per month.—Adv.

There are those who are as egotistical as the devil. Patronizing contributors do you say, "All of this I will give THEM if falling down Thou wilt give me?"

PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS

Does the Catholic Priest Usurp the Priesthood of Christ?

(Continued from Page One)

only, and not as possessing power of themselves to offer the sacrifice, do the Catholic priests serve at the altar.

Our Lord was not eligible to the Levitical priesthood, we are told, because He sprang out of Judah; and His priesthood is "according to the power of an indissoluble life." He "abideth a priest continually." 7:14-16.

3. That is, Our Lord's priest is, in no sense, a successor to Christ. He is clothed with the power of Christ's eternal and unchanging priesthood, and, in the sacrifice he offers, acknowledges the same to be the ever-living Christ, the Christ now present in Heaven. The Catholic priest, in no sense, crucifies Christ anew, for the body he offers is the glorified body, as it was after the Resurrection, which he offers in any unbloody manner. And yet, it is the same body which was crucified, but, in the same sense that the glorified body of Christ was the same body crucified on the cross. Hence, when the apostle says, "if he (Christ) were on earth, he would not be a priest," he explains, in the words immediately following that Christ would not be a priest of the Levitical order (on earth), "seeing," he says, "that there would be others to offer gifts according to the law." 8:4.

Now, the Catholic Church neither wishes nor assumes to restore the Levitical priesthood and the Levitical ritual.

The cross marks the dividing line between the Aaronic and the Melchizedek priesthood. The cross ends the one and begins the other. The sacrifices of the Old Law were prospective and incomplete. The sacrifice of the Mass is retrospective, is complete, and is an application of the sacrifice of Calvary. The daily holocausts of different victims are no longer necessary.

The Sacrifice of Calvary is Renewed in the Mass

(Continued from Page One)

of a Judas. Annihilation! that is the state of Christ when He lies on the altar or enters into our souls. And it is this utter annihilation and lowering of Himself that in Lugo's opinion constitutes the Mass a real sacrifice. A Mystical Representation of Christ's Death.

When Christ offered Himself in sacrifice on the altar of the cross there was a real separation of His sacred body and blood. But now His sacred Humanity is glorious, immortal and impassible, and a real separation of His body and blood cannot take place; it can take place only in a mystical way. This is what happens during the Sacrifice of the Mass. By virtue of the words of consecration, this is

PROTESTANT TESTIMONY ON THE MASS.

Mr. Augustine Burrell (Protestant) in the Nineteenth Century (April, 1896) testifies: "There is much that is touching and solemn in the spectacle of the English Roman Catholic no longer able to adore his Risen Lord in any one of those stately mother-churches built by the piety and still instinct, with the genius of his ancestors, or to hear within their walls the tinkle of that bell, a sound carrying with it a richer freight of religious association than any other sound or incident in Christian worship. The Mass is a tremendous mystery, so profoundly attractive, so intimately associated with the keystone of the Christian faith, so vouched for by the testimony of Saints! Nobody nowadays, save a handful of vulgar fanatics, speaks irreverently of the Mass. If the Incarnation be indeed the one divine event to which the whole creation moves, the miracle of the altar may well seem its restful shadow, over a dry and thirsty land for the help of man, who is apt to be discouraged if perpetually told that everything really important and interesting happened once for all, long ago, in the chill, historic past."

Dr. Thorndike, Protestant, writes in his "Just Weights and Measures," Chap. XVI: "The practice of the Church in interceding for them at the celebration of the Eucharist is so general, and so ancient, that it cannot be thought to have come in upon imposture"; and Rev. R. B. Nevitt, Prof. (Vide "The Living Church," April, 1913) says: "No wonder that the Catholic Church offers the Requiem Eucharist, for it is her answer to our questioning and the sign of her conquest over death."

Rev. H. Page Dyer (Prot.), Philadelphia, said in a sermon on April 27, 1913: "The ancient belief of God's Church (ancient Purgatory) is one of holy common sense. Few souls are so pure that they are fit for heaven (immediately following death), where nothing that is defiled may enter. And yet there are many millions of people, who are too good to go to hell."

BOOKS

God be thanked for Books. They are the voices of the distant and the dead, and make us heirs of the spiritual life of past ages. Books are the true levelers. They give to all, who will faithfully use them, the society, the spiritual presence of the best and greatest of our race. No matter how poor I am. No matter though the prospect of my own time will not enter my obscure dwelling. If the sacred writers will enter and take up their abode under my roof, if Milton will cross my threshold to sing to me of Paradise, and Shakespeare to open to me the worlds of imagination and the workings of the human heart, and Franklin to enrich me with his practical wisdom. I shall not pine for want of intellectual companionship, and I may become a cultivated man though excluded from what is called the best society in the place where I live.—Channing.

PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

7:27. Christ ended all of that in His perfect sacrifice. Now the sacrifice of the Mass is not, in any sense, as Christ's on the cross, a redemptive sacrifice. It is a commemorative sacrifice. The victim is the same, in all masses, the celebrant is the same, even Christ.

Just as the blood of the calf, on the day of Atonement, was carried within the veil and sprinkled upon the propitiatory (Lev. 16:14), so Christ has taken His blood into the presence of His Father in Heaven. Heb. 9:22-24. He there offers Himself as an unbloody oblation to His Father, and, also, on earth, He offers, through the priest, the unbloody oblation of His body and blood to God. It is a blood which "speaks better things than that of Abel" (Heb. 12:25), in that it cries for mercy rather than vengeance.

How beautifully the apostle describes the Holy Eucharist as the veil between the holy place (church) and the holy of holies (heaven) in "the tabernacle which the Lord pitched and not man." 10:20. We are to have confidence in entering into the holies by the blood of Jesus, through the new and living way, His flesh! This is addressed to the "brothers," but is, Christians, and not to the world (v. 19). As worshippers of the Living God, they draw nigh, without fear, not to the "mount which could not be touched," on which played the burning fire, the whirlwind, the darkness and storm (12:18), but to the Heavenly Zion, where Heaven and Earth are united and at peace, with only the veil of Christ's flesh between!

Truly, Our Lord was offered in a bloody manner but once. 9:26, 26; 10:10. The Mass is no second bloody immolation. It applies the merits of the Cross. It renews the soul. It pleads the sacrifice of Calvary. For we, of the New Covenant, have an altar. Heb. 13:10.

Trade In Your Old Glasses On a New Pair

My body, this is the chalice of My blood, the body and blood of Our Lord are mystically separated, and we have a mystical representation of Christ's real death on the cross.

However, by virtue of the words of consecration, only the body of Our Savior is present under the species of bread, and only His blood is present under the species of wine. But as Christ's body and blood cannot now be separated from one another, it follows by what the theologians call natural concomitance that the divine and real Jesus Christ is wholly present—body, blood, soul and divinity—under each of the species of bread and wine. Hence there is no real separation of the body and blood of Our Lord in the Mass; there is only a mystical separation.

THE TYRANNY OF THE MAJORITY

(The Cincinnati Times-Star, August 19, 1924)

It has been a pet form of attack by radicals upon our institutions to speak of judicial tyranny in describing the power of the Supreme Court to annul a statute of Congress on the ground of its unconstitutionality. They have declared the Constitution intended that no such power should be vested in the Supreme Court. "Judicial usurpation" has rolled from the lips of radicals. Two very well-known investigators, Prof. Charles A. Beard and Prof. E. S. Corwin, have shown by historical evidence that the framers of the Constitution intended to endow the Supreme Court with such fundamentally interpretative power. "The glory of the founders," says Prof. A. V. Dicey, an Englishman, "is to have devised or adopted arrangements under which the Constitution became in reality as well as in name the supreme law of the land."

One of the services the Supreme Court has performed in making the Constitution a living document is to protect the minority from the tyranny of the majority whenever the majority invades constitutional rights. Out in Oregon the Legislature passed a law that made parochial schools unlawful. Every Catholic school of primary and secondary education was outlawed. Every similar Protestant school contravened the law. The Oregon courts upheld the law. The Supreme Court of the United States held it unconstitutional. It violated the religious guarantees of the Constitution. (The U. S. Supreme Court has not yet rendered its decision.)

NEW OIL BURNER SELLS AT REMARKABLY LOW PRICE.

Works In Any Furnace Or Stove; Gives Twice the Heat; Cheaper Than Coal.

A remarkable new burner which costs only a few dollars and which heats any stove or furnace just as well as a \$400 or \$500 oil burner, has been perfected by the International Heating Company, 119 South 14th Street, Dept. 341, St. Louis, Mo. This amazingly simple and sturdy device gives twice the heat of coal or wood, burns a cheap oil, and does away with all the drudgery and dirt and smoke of heating or cooking with coal or wood. It gives one of the hottest, quickest, and safest fires known, and can be easily slipped into the fire-box of any stove or furnace by anyone. The manufacturers want one person in each locality, to whom they can refer new customers, and are making a special low price introductory offer, with 30 days' free trial, to the first user in each locality. They also want to hear from men and women who would like to make from \$250.00 to \$350.00 monthly acting as their representative. Write them today.—Adv.

PEACE

The most priceless jewel in existence is found only in the sacrament of penance. All have sinned, and with sin there is no peace.

PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

PEOPLE OF MEXICO

The following letter recently appeared in The Los Angeles Times:

Los Angeles, May 25.—Please say I compliment your paper on the news and the article by Dr. C. N. Thomas on the development of Mexico. At the same time, it is evident that the reflections on the plain, humble, common native, Indian or Mexican, are stereotyped, written by one who is not familiar with the everyday natives, Indian or Mexican, or the ones who have a larger infusion of white blood.

It is commonly said the larger the infusion the more uncertain the home. While dealing with the native Mexican or Indian as a people to be among and employ them it would be difficult to equal them in respect and politeness and for services rendered.

The Hon. Mr. Harriman complimented these people as the best workers he had dealings with and said this emphatically complimenting the Mexican people.

These people are not in any need of any new dogma or religion; they were content and happy until the propagandists got among them and disturbed them, as past events indicate, and so far as re-churching or introducing some new religion to them, it is a direct insult to them, and they do look at the proselytizers as a little loco so far as religion is concerned.

The Mexican people can point with pride to the most elegant temples of Christianity. In all the large cities of Mexico and in the small towns, even in villages in the Sierras, are edifices of faith that astonish the stranger, showing the Christian spirit existing in these humble people that is established by the superior monuments erected to Christian faith. Why should people who render to their employer a faithful return for compensation agreed to? Let the natives alone in their faith.

M. F. CAMPBELL.

FARM FOR SALE

220 acres, one-half mile from town, good crops, good light, good buildings, flowing well. For particulars write Lock Box 315, Huron, S. D.

Trade In Your Old Glasses On a New Pair

My body, this is the chalice of My blood, the body and blood of Our Lord are mystically separated, and we have a mystical representation of Christ's real death on the cross.

However, by virtue of the words of consecration, only the body of Our Savior is present under the species of bread, and only His blood is present under the species of wine. But as Christ's body and blood cannot now be separated from one another, it follows by what the theologians call natural concomitance that the divine and real Jesus Christ is wholly present—body, blood, soul and divinity—under each of the species of bread and wine. Hence there is no real separation of the body and blood of Our Lord in the Mass; there is only a mystical separation.

However, by virtue of the words of consecration, only the body of Our Savior is present under the species of bread, and only His blood is present under the species of wine. But as Christ's body and blood cannot now be separated from one another, it follows by what the theologians call natural concomitance that the divine and real Jesus Christ is wholly present—body, blood, soul and divinity—under each of the species of bread and wine. Hence there is no real separation of the body and blood of Our Lord in the Mass; there is only a mystical separation.

THE TYRANNY OF THE MAJORITY

(The Cincinnati Times-Star, August 19, 1924)

It has been a pet form of attack by radicals upon our institutions to speak of judicial tyranny in describing the power of the Supreme Court to annul a statute of Congress on the ground of its unconstitutionality. They have declared the Constitution intended that no such power should be vested in the Supreme Court. "Judicial usurpation" has rolled from the lips of radicals. Two very well-known investigators, Prof. Charles A. Beard and Prof. E. S. Corwin, have shown by historical evidence that the framers of the Constitution intended to endow the Supreme Court with such fundamentally interpretative power. "The glory of the founders," says Prof. A. V. Dicey, an Englishman, "is to have devised or adopted arrangements under which the Constitution became in reality as well as in name the supreme law of the land."

One of the services the Supreme Court has performed in making the Constitution a living document is to protect the minority from the tyranny of the majority whenever the majority invades constitutional rights. Out in Oregon the Legislature passed a law that made parochial schools unlawful. Every Catholic school of primary and secondary education was outlawed. Every similar Protestant school contravened the law. The Oregon courts upheld the law. The Supreme Court of the United States held it unconstitutional. It violated the religious guarantees of the Constitution. (The U. S. Supreme Court has not yet rendered its decision.)

NEW OIL BURNER SELLS AT REMARKABLY LOW PRICE.

Works In Any Furnace Or Stove; Gives Twice the Heat; Cheaper Than Coal.

A remarkable new burner which costs only a few dollars and which heats any stove or furnace just as well as a \$400 or \$500 oil burner, has been perfected by the International Heating Company, 119 South 14th Street, Dept. 341, St. Louis, Mo. This amazingly simple and sturdy device gives twice the heat of coal or wood, burns a cheap oil, and does away with all the drudgery and dirt and smoke of heating or cooking with coal or wood. It gives one of the hottest, quickest, and safest fires known, and can be easily slipped into the fire-box of any stove or furnace by anyone. The manufacturers want one person in each locality, to whom they can refer new customers, and are making a special low price introductory offer, with 30 days' free trial, to the first user in each locality. They also want to hear from men and women who would like to make from \$250.00 to \$350.00 monthly acting as their representative. Write them today.—Adv.

PEACE

The most priceless jewel in existence is found only in the sacrament of penance. All have sinned, and with sin there is no peace.

PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

A UNIQUE OFFER

For a comfortable family or hotel use, you need a good bed in a front-facing view in the most desirable location of the city. The only place where you can get a good bed in a front-facing view in the most desirable location of the city is at the Hotel de Ville, 270 State St., Marshall, Mich.

ATTENTION CATHOLICS

A Catholic person will share their best furnished home with a Catholic couple over 50 years of age, who want a real home and a quiet place to live. The couple are willing to give up their home and move to a new place if the Catholic couple will take it. The couple are willing to give up their home and move to a new place if the Catholic couple will take it. The couple are willing to give up their home and move to a new place if the Catholic couple will take it.

DON'T WEAR A TRUSS

BE COMFORTABLE—Wear the Brooks Appliance, the modern scientific invention which gives support, comfort, and freedom of movement. It is the only truss that does not restrict movement. It is the only truss that does not restrict movement. It is the only truss that does not restrict movement.

Mr. C. E. Brooks, 270 State St., Marshall, Mich. The couple are willing to give up their home and move to a new place if the Catholic couple will take it. The couple are willing to give up their home and move to a new place if the Catholic couple will take it. The couple are willing to give up their home and move to a new place if the Catholic couple will take it.

NATURAL LEAF TOBACCO

22.50, Smoking, 5 lbs. \$1.25; 10 lbs. \$2.00. FARMER TOBACCO UNION, D. B. FARMER, KY.

CIGAR SMOKERS

Buy your Cigars right from the factory. For a limited time only we will sell you 100 cigars for 40¢. First class cigars. Order now. Write to O. J. M. Wagoner, Box 315, Huron, S. D.

Oh Girls!

the White, Tender and Smooth Skin. Get the "Oh Girls!" Cream. It is the only cream that does not restrict movement. It is the only cream that does not restrict movement. It is the only cream that does not restrict movement.

WRITE TODAY!

You can have a new pair of glasses. Write to the "Oh Girls!" Cream. It is the only cream that does not restrict movement. It is the only cream that does not restrict movement. It is the only cream that does not restrict movement.

FARM FOR SALE

220 acres, one-half mile from town, good crops, good light, good buildings, flowing well. For particulars write Lock Box 315, Huron, S. D.

Trade In Your Old Glasses On a New Pair

My body, this is the chalice of My blood, the body and blood of Our Lord are mystically separated, and we have a mystical representation of Christ's real death on the cross.

However, by virtue of the words of consecration, only the body of Our Savior is present under the species of bread, and only His blood is present under the species of wine. But as Christ's body and blood cannot now be separated from one another, it follows by what the theologians call natural concomitance that the divine and real Jesus Christ is wholly present—body, blood, soul and divinity—under each of the species of bread and wine. Hence there is no real separation of the body and blood of Our Lord in the Mass; there is only a mystical separation.

However, by virtue of the words of consecration, only the body of Our Savior is present under the species of bread, and only His blood is present under the species of wine. But as Christ's body and blood cannot now be separated from one another, it follows by what the theologians call natural concomitance that the divine and real Jesus Christ is wholly present—body, blood, soul and divinity—under each of the species of bread and wine. Hence there is no real separation of the body and blood of Our Lord in the Mass; there is only a mystical separation.

However, by virtue of the words of consecration, only the body of Our Savior is present under the species of bread, and only His blood is present under the species of wine. But as Christ's body and blood cannot now be separated from one another, it follows by what the theologians call natural concomitance that the divine and real Jesus Christ is wholly present—body, blood, soul and divinity—under each of the species of bread and wine. Hence there is no real separation of the body and blood of Our Lord in the Mass; there is only a mystical separation.

THE TYRANNY OF THE MAJORITY

(The Cincinnati Times-Star, August 19, 1924)

It has been a pet form of attack by radicals upon our institutions to speak of judicial tyranny in describing the power of the Supreme Court to annul a statute of Congress on the ground of its unconstitutionality. They have declared the Constitution intended that no such power should be vested in the Supreme Court. "Judicial usurpation" has rolled from the lips of radicals. Two very well-known investigators, Prof. Charles A. Beard and Prof. E. S. Corwin, have shown by historical evidence that the framers of the Constitution intended to endow the Supreme Court with such fundamentally interpretative power. "The glory of the founders," says Prof. A. V. Dicey, an Englishman, "is to have devised or adopted arrangements under which the Constitution became in reality as well as in name the supreme law of the land."

One of the services the Supreme Court has performed in making the Constitution a living document is to protect the minority from the tyranny of the majority whenever the majority invades constitutional rights. Out in Oregon the Legislature passed a law that made parochial schools unlawful. Every Catholic school of primary and secondary education was outlawed. Every similar Protestant school contravened the law. The Oregon courts upheld the law. The Supreme Court of the United States held it unconstitutional. It violated the religious guarantees of the Constitution. (The U. S. Supreme Court has not yet rendered its decision.)

NEW OIL BURNER SELLS AT REMARKABLY LOW PRICE.

Works In Any Furnace Or Stove; Gives Twice the Heat; Cheaper Than Coal.

A remarkable new burner which costs only a few dollars and which heats any stove or furnace just as well as a \$400 or \$500 oil burner, has been perfected by the International Heating Company, 119 South 14th Street, Dept. 341, St. Louis, Mo. This amazingly simple and sturdy device gives twice the heat of coal or wood, burns a cheap oil, and does away with all the drudgery and dirt and smoke of heating or cooking with coal or wood. It gives one of the hottest, quickest, and safest fires known, and can be easily slipped into the fire-box of any stove or furnace by anyone. The manufacturers want one person in each locality, to whom they can refer new customers, and are making a special low price introductory offer, with 30 days' free trial, to the first user in each locality. They also want to hear from men and women who would like to make from \$250.00 to \$350.00 monthly acting as their representative. Write them today.—Adv.

PEACE

The most priceless jewel in existence is found only in the sacrament of penance. All have sinned, and with sin there is no peace.

PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

ALL WOOL

Velour and Fur Trimmed and Embroidered SILK SERGE DRESS ONLY \$3.98

ATTENTION CATHOLICS

A Catholic person will share their best furnished

ROYAL LOTUS

The Marvelous
FRENCH "REGENERATOR"
FOR THE
HAIR AND SCALP

Abbe Lepetitjean
A well-known French Catholic Priest of Paris
Cured with Gratifying Results All Over France
For 25 Years, and in America 2 Years.
Specially a Combination of Herbs and
Containing No Alcohol.

A Positive Corrective for
Dandruff and Falling
Hair

Through out a year, as he has been in Paris, it will
restore the natural color of the hair.
For a Complete Free Trial Send for a Trial Bottle.
For 25 Years, and in America 2 Years.
Specially a Combination of Herbs and
Containing No Alcohol.

Arthur Antoine, Inc.
600 Avenue of the Americas, New York, N. Y.
Send for interesting pamphlet.

YOU CAN MAKE
\$26.48 DAILY

Selling Two Shirts
For the Price of One

The Waterman Corporation is now offering a special
offer on its famous Waterman pens. Buy one pen and
get another one free. This offer is good for a limited
time only. Write for details.

WATERMAN CORPORATION
632-490 East Fort Street, "Dept. A" Detroit, Michigan

EARN MONEY
AT HOME

YOU can make \$10 to \$20 weekly in your spare
time writing short stories. No experience
necessary. We will give you a complete course
in writing. Write for details.

WALTER SCOTT CO.
400 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

MAKE MONEY
SELL MADISON SHIRTS

Direct from
our factory in Madison, Wis.
No capital or experience
necessary. We will give you a complete course
in selling. Write for details.

Madison Shirt Co.
1000 Madison Street, Madison, Wis.

3 WEEKS FOR
15 CENTS

The Pathfinder
Leading you to the
best of the kind of
the travel, fun, vacation, etc.
Write for details.

Pathfinder Co.
1000 Madison Street, Madison, Wis.

Be a Nurse

Learn in 30 Days Time at Home
Earn \$30-\$35 a Week

Be a Nurse
Learn in 30 Days Time at Home
Earn \$30-\$35 a Week

Be a Nurse
Learn in 30 Days Time at Home
Earn \$30-\$35 a Week

Be a Nurse
Learn in 30 Days Time at Home
Earn \$30-\$35 a Week

Be a Nurse
Learn in 30 Days Time at Home
Earn \$30-\$35 a Week

Be a Nurse
Learn in 30 Days Time at Home
Earn \$30-\$35 a Week

Be a Nurse
Learn in 30 Days Time at Home
Earn \$30-\$35 a Week

Be a Nurse
Learn in 30 Days Time at Home
Earn \$30-\$35 a Week

Be a Nurse
Learn in 30 Days Time at Home
Earn \$30-\$35 a Week

Be a Nurse
Learn in 30 Days Time at Home
Earn \$30-\$35 a Week

Be a Nurse
Learn in 30 Days Time at Home
Earn \$30-\$35 a Week

Be a Nurse
Learn in 30 Days Time at Home
Earn \$30-\$35 a Week

Be a Nurse
Learn in 30 Days Time at Home
Earn \$30-\$35 a Week

Be a Nurse
Learn in 30 Days Time at Home
Earn \$30-\$35 a Week

Be a Nurse
Learn in 30 Days Time at Home
Earn \$30-\$35 a Week

Be a Nurse
Learn in 30 Days Time at Home
Earn \$30-\$35 a Week

Be a Nurse
Learn in 30 Days Time at Home
Earn \$30-\$35 a Week

Be a Nurse
Learn in 30 Days Time at Home
Earn \$30-\$35 a Week

Be a Nurse
Learn in 30 Days Time at Home
Earn \$30-\$35 a Week

Be a Nurse
Learn in 30 Days Time at Home
Earn \$30-\$35 a Week

Be a Nurse
Learn in 30 Days Time at Home
Earn \$30-\$35 a Week

Be a Nurse
Learn in 30 Days Time at Home
Earn \$30-\$35 a Week

Be a Nurse
Learn in 30 Days Time at Home
Earn \$30-\$35 a Week

Be a Nurse
Learn in 30 Days Time at Home
Earn \$30-\$35 a Week

Be a Nurse
Learn in 30 Days Time at Home
Earn \$30-\$35 a Week

Be a Nurse
Learn in 30 Days Time at Home
Earn \$30-\$35 a Week

Be a Nurse
Learn in 30 Days Time at Home
Earn \$30-\$35 a Week

Bureau of Information

Questions are answered, as far as possible, in the order received, hence those
who seek information through this Bureau must not become impatient if the answer
to their queries does not appear for several weeks after we receive same.

Always direct ques-
tions to BUREAU OF
INFORMATION or to
DEPT. Q. in separate
envelopes. Questions should never be
written on same sheet with subscrip-
tions.

Will you please tell me if my
little girl who is dead sees me;
or can she hear me when I pray
or talk to her?

You are asking a question
which is not so easy to answer.
The Bible hints that those in
Heaven do see us here on earth
and are interested in us. For
instance, it says that we are a
"spectacle to the angels". It
warns parents against scandal-
izing their children, because the
"angels" of the latter "see God,
who is in Heaven". It is clear
that Almighty God may permit
those in Heaven to observe their
relatives on earth, but it is not
likely that He actually does per-
mit it except on the occasion of
their prayers, or when there
would be a special reason for it.

Why do we say 150 Hail
Marys for the whole rosary, or
50 while meditating on one
group of mysteries?

Long before the rosary exist-
ed in its present form, pious peo-
ple were accustomed to imitate
the religious in monasteries,
who recited the psalter of David
containing 150 psalms. The
practice among many was to say
some prayer, such as the Hail
Mary, 150 times, one in the place
of each psalm.

This was probably the reason
why 150 Ave's were decided on
as the basis for the vocal prayer
during the meditation on the 15
mysteries, which cover the
whole Life of Christ and His
Blessed Mother. Since the 15
mysteries are divided into three
groups of five each, it was natu-
ral that 50 Ave's should comprise
one part, and since each group
is divided into five meditations,
it was also natural that the 50
should be divided into five equal
parts of ten.

If omniscience is the attribute
of God only, why, or by what
means, are the Saints able to
know us when praying to them?

You are right in supposing
that the Saints hear our prayers
only with a permission of Al-
mighty God. No proof should be
needed to support the belief that
Almighty God, who is honoring
and rewarding the Saints, would
let them know when we are of-
fering petitions to Him through
them.

Does not the Church teach
that all children born of parents
married outside the Church are
illegitimate?

No, the Canon Law of the
Church specifically states the
Church passes no judgment on
the marriages of those who are
not Catholics.

Does the Roman Catholic
Church recognize a marriage
performed outside the Catholic
Church?

Yes, it recognizes all mar-
riages performed by any au-
thorized official of Church or
State, except where one of the
parties to the marriage is a
Catholic. The Catholic Church
believes marriage to be a Sacra-
ment for her people, and she
does not permit her children to
have this Sacrament witnessed
by those who do not regard
marriage. There is consistency
in this.

What benefit are cancelled
stamps, and where may they be
sent?

Cancelled stamps are sold and
the proceeds used for the bene-
fit of foreign missions. The
stamps are used for various pur-
poses, principally for the paper-
ing of walls. The sale of can-
celled stamps, tinfoil, etc.,
amounts to thousands of dollars
annually. The stamps, which
you have diligently gathered,
will be gratefully received by
Fathers of the Divine Word,
Techny, Ill. This institution is
nearest to you and the sending
of the stamps will entail less ex-
pense.

Does not the Roman Catholic
Church teach that there is no

After Dinner Story

TOMMY'S ANGEL.

As Tommy stepped out of church
after Mass he noticed his shabby
gray coat, two sizes too small, about
his thin little body. Although it was
the middle of April, the air felt sharp
to him, especially since his coat was
well worn and the backs of his shoes
had large holes in them, inconveniently
coinciding with the holes in his
stockings. Pulling his cap down over
his ears, he slouched up the street.

He was thinking seriously on the
subject of angels and how they have
been known to help men. "Gee," he
thought, "I wish an angel'd come
down to help me. I wish he'd bring
me a pair of shoes without any holes
in them."

Tommy did not venture to wish for
anything more. Bitter disappoint-
ments had taught him the futility of
such wishes, which, moreover, were
not encouraged in his home. His
mother, struggling to keep herself and
her three little ones alive, always
said: "New Tommy, don't you be
wishing. Go out and find some work."

Tommy had hunted diligently but
there seemed to be little demand for
the services of a seven year old boy.
He was hungry and the shoes, slipping
up and down on his feet, had worn
big blisters. "Oh, gee," he muttered
again. "I sure wish an angel'd come."

A light touch on his shoulder inter-
rupted his thoughts. Turning, he saw
a lady in fashionable attire, who was
gazing at him pityingly.

"Little boy," she said, "Haven't you
any better shoes?"

"No ma'am," said Tommy, husky
with excitement.

"Well, come to my house tomorrow
afternoon and I'll have some ready
for you. I am Mrs. Manning and I
live right up this street in house num-
ber one hundred and thirty eight."

"Oh, thank you," cried Tommy. "I'll
sure be there."

The lady passed on, leaving Tommy
rapturously surveying her back. To
his admiring eyes, her trim white coat
seemed entirely suitable to
clothe an angel.

"I don't believe angels would wear
such high heels on their shoes,
though," he thought. "I suppose she
wouldn't if she had wings."

Mrs. Manning had heard a highly
edifying sermon that morning on help-
ing one's neighbor. The feeling pro-
duced by this sermon had prompted
her to speak to the child whom she
would have passed thoughtlessly, on
another occasion. The glow of satis-
faction which she felt was very pleas-
ing.

"I'll go up in the attic tomorrow
morning and get out a pair of Henry's
old shoes," she thought. "Dear me,
that child grows so fast, I can't keep
him in clothes to fit him."

But alas for Tommy. Next day a
car stopped before Mrs. Manning's
door and a lady rushed up the steps.

"Well, come on out for a drive with
me. We are going out to Lombardy
Inn and have tea."

"Oh, how lovely!" exclaimed Mrs.
Manning as she dabbed her nose with
the powder puff, poked at her hair
and flew into a long coat. "I've been
dying to go out there."

"I'll go up in the attic tomorrow
morning and get out a pair of Henry's
old shoes," she thought. "Dear me,
that child grows so fast, I can't keep
him in clothes to fit him."

But alas for Tommy. Next day a
car stopped before Mrs. Manning's
door and a lady rushed up the steps.

"Well, come on out for a drive with
me. We are going out to Lombardy
Inn and have tea."

"Oh, how lovely!" exclaimed Mrs.
Manning as she dabbed her nose with
the powder puff, poked at her hair
and flew into a long coat. "I've been
dying to go out there."

"I'll go up in the attic tomorrow
morning and get out a pair of Henry's
old shoes," she thought. "Dear me,
that child grows so fast, I can't keep
him in clothes to fit him."

But alas for Tommy. Next day a
car stopped before Mrs. Manning's
door and a lady rushed up the steps.

"Well, come on out for a drive with
me. We are going out to Lombardy
Inn and have tea."

"Oh, how lovely!" exclaimed Mrs.
Manning as she dabbed her nose with
the powder puff, poked at her hair
and flew into a long coat. "I've been
dying to go out there."

"I'll go up in the attic tomorrow
morning and get out a pair of Henry's
old shoes," she thought. "Dear me,
that child grows so fast, I can't keep
him in clothes to fit him."

But alas for Tommy. Next day a
car stopped before Mrs. Manning's
door and a lady rushed up the steps.

"Well, come on out for a drive with
me. We are going out to Lombardy
Inn and have tea."

"Oh, how lovely!" exclaimed Mrs.
Manning as she dabbed her nose with
the powder puff, poked at her hair
and flew into a long coat. "I've been
dying to go out there."

"I'll go up in the attic tomorrow
morning and get out a pair of Henry's
old shoes," she thought. "Dear me,
that child grows so fast, I can't keep
him in clothes to fit him."

The two ladies ran down the steps
and sailed off in the big car.

Tommy shaking with excitement,
knocked at the back door, just as soon
as he could safely call it afternoon.
A plump freckled Irish girl opened
the door.

"Is it Mrs. Manning here?" asked
Tommy in a voice—trembling with
suspense. Already he saw his feet en-
cased in nice shiny shoes.

"No, she isn't," answered the girl,
rather curiously. "What's the mat-
ter?" For Tommy had turned pale.

He took a step backward and then
with sudden hope, again faced the
girl. "Did—did she leave any pack-
age?"

"Wait a minute and I'll look. Come
inside," said Mary. As she left the
room, he muttered, "Just Patsy's size
when he died."

Her search was, of course, in vain,
and she returned to the kitchen. "No,"
she said, shaking her head, "I can't
find any package."

Tommy turned to the door, put out
his hand and then, sinking to the
floor, burst into tears. Mary bent
over him in alarm.

"What is it, now, darlin'?" she asked.

"Oh," sobbed Tommy. "The angel
lady was going to give me some shoes
and she didn't and now I don't believe
there is any angels at all."

Mary glanced at Tommy's little
blistered heels. Then she left the room
and mounted the stairs to her own
chamber.

"Sure, and it's her forgetfulness
again. Didn't she have a luncheon just
after I'd been to the dentist and had
six teeth out? I'll give him Patsy's
shoes. They'll do him more good than
they will me."

From her bureau drawer, she pulled
out a pair of heavy shoes, nearly new,
and a pair of stockings. For a mo-
ment she hesitated, as if to put them
back, and then shut the drawer and
went downstairs.

"Here's a pair of shoes that were
my brother's that died. Sit up and
put them on," she ordered.

Tommy stifled his sobs suddenly and
set up. In joyous haste he threw off
the old shoes and pulled on the heavy
stockings and then the shoes, warm
and comfortable. With a radiant
smile, he stood up. Mary swiftly
pushed him out of doors, not waiting
for thanks and returned to her dish-
washing, savagely rubbing her eyes
with her apron.

Mrs. Manning, twenty miles away,
hurriedly set down her cup, exclaim-
ing: "There, I forgot that boy who
was coming for some shoes. Well,
never mind, someone will give him
some."

Tommy, walking briskly down the
street, saw in his mind's eye an angel,
but she no longer wore a white suit
and high-heeled shoes. She was
freckled and rather cross-looking and
was adorned with a blue gingham ap-
ron. "Gee," thought Tommy, "She
won't need shoes long. She's almost
good enough to have wings."

Subscribe for Our Sunday Visitor.
Tobacco

Yes, you can make \$100 a week. You can make \$5,000 a year and not
work half as hard as you do now. You can do as well as H. T. Pearl,
of Oklahoma, who made \$750 in one month. You can begin like
R. L. Marshall, of New Jersey, who made \$80 in five hours. You
don't have to wait. You don't have to invest any money. You don't
have to take any course or do any studying. You can start right in next
week. You can begin at once to make a really big income. The op-
portunity is waiting. The money is there for you to get. Do you want it?
Then read this ad carefully and answer it, for this offer is meant for you.

700 Men and Women
Wanted At Once

We are now ready to appoint 700 more
Representatives in all parts of the coun-
try. You can be in the morning and by simply
doing what we suggest you can make a net,
clear, cold profit for yourself of anywhere from
\$10 to \$100 a week. Write for details.

Exclusive Territory

We offer to assign you an exclusive ter-
ritory and let you handle all our deal-
ings with our customers in that territory. You
will simply introduce our products and let
people know that you have become the Zanol
Representative. The rest is easy. Our products
are nationally advertised and well known in
every locality. We have been in business for
18 years and have resources of more than a
million dollars. The local man or woman who
becomes our Representative is given complete
instructions, full equipment and everything
necessary for success.

More Than a Million Dollars Made
By Our Representatives In 8 Months

If you want your share of these big
profits all you need do now is write.
You won't believe how easy it is nor what
wonderful profits you can make until you get started
and the money begins to roll in.

Amazing Profits For
Easy Work

We are the originators and manufac-
turers of Zanol Products—the nationally
advertising line of pure food products, toilet
preparations, soaps, perfumes, household and
other goods.

Send No Money

Just send me your name and I will tell
you how to get started. I will give you

We Furnish An
Automobile

We can Make Your Ford
a Better Car

We are making this special offer to the owners of "Ford" cars for a limited
time only. Write for details.

MAKE THIS TEST

Put a Waterman in it. Press on the pen and see how it writes. You will
find it writes as fast and as well as any pen you have ever used. Write for
details.

Our References—the Editors of this paper and the
People's State Bank of Detroit.
Our Sunday Visitor has published and built up the name of Waterman, and it
is the reliability of the advertisement.

We prepay Parcel Post Charges.

WATERMAN
IN PUMP

THE WATERMAN CORPORATION
632-490 East Fort Street, "Dept. A" Detroit, Michigan

AURENTZ'S CHOCOLATES

Shipped From Coast to Coast

THE BEST \$1.00 CANDY VALUE IN THE U.S.A.

A Box of Aurentz's Nationally Known Milk
Chocolates delivered to Your Door for One
Dollar, All Charges Prepaid.

Address All
Orders
To

A. C. Aurentz 912
Barr
St.

Fort Wayne,
Indiana.

enclosing one dollar for each pound wanted, and
we shall fill and mail your order the same day it
is received.

I Will Prove To You That You Can Make
\$100 a Week

Yes, you can make \$100 a week. You can make \$5,000 a year and not
work half as hard as you do now. You can do as well as H. T. Pearl,
of Oklahoma, who made \$750 in one month. You can begin like
R. L. Marshall, of New Jersey, who made \$80 in five hours. You
don't have to wait. You don't have to invest any money. You don't
have to take any course or do any studying. You can start right in next
week. You can begin at once to make a really big income. The op-
portunity is waiting. The money is there for you to get. Do you want it?
Then read this ad carefully and answer it, for this offer is meant for you.

700 Men and Women
Wanted At Once

We are now ready to appoint 700 more
Representatives in all parts of the coun-
try. You can be in the morning and by simply
doing what we suggest you can make a net,
clear, cold profit for yourself of anywhere from
\$10 to \$100 a week. Write for details.

Exclusive Territory

We offer to assign you an exclusive ter-
ritory and let you handle all our deal-
ings with our customers in that territory. You
will simply introduce our products and let
people know that you have become the Zanol
Representative. The rest is easy. Our products
are nationally advertised and well known in
every locality. We have been in business for
18 years and have resources of more than a
million dollars. The local man or woman who
becomes our Representative is given complete
instructions, full equipment and everything
necessary for success.

More Than a Million Dollars Made
By Our Representatives In 8 Months

If you want your share of these big
profits all you need do now is write.
You won't believe how easy it is nor what
wonderful profits you can make until you get started
and the money begins to roll in.

Amazing Profits For
Easy Work

We are the originators and manufac-
turers of Zanol Products—the nationally
advertising line of pure food products, toilet
preparations, soaps, perfumes, household and
other goods.

Send No Money

Just send me your name and I will tell
you how to get started. I will give you

We Furnish An
Automobile

Yes, you can make \$100 a week. You can make \$5,000 a year and not
work half as hard as you do now. You can do as well as H. T. Pearl,
of Oklahoma, who made \$750 in one month. You can begin like
R. L. Marshall, of New Jersey, who made \$80 in five hours. You
don't have to wait. You don't have to invest any money. You don't
have to take any course or do any studying. You can start right in next
week. You can begin at once to make a really big income. The op-
portunity is waiting. The money is there for you to get. Do you want it?
Then read this ad carefully and answer it, for this offer is meant for you.

Mail This NOW

_____ State _____

[illegible]